## 5903-S AMS HARG S2564.5

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# SSB 5903 - S AMD 247

By Senators Hargrove, Stevens

# ADOPTED 03/19/2003

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 13.40.0357 and 2002 c 324 s 3 and 2002 c 175 s 20 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

## DESCRIPTION AND OFFENSE CATEGORY

6		JUVENILE D	ISPOSITION
7	JUVENILE	CATE	EGORY FOR
8	DISPOSITION	ATTEMPT,	BAILJUMP,
9	OFFENSE	CONSE	PIRACY, OR
10	CATEGORY	DESCRIPTION (RCW CITATION) SOI	LICITATION
11			
12		Arson and Malicious Mischief	
13	A	Arson 1 (9A.48.020)	B+
14	В	Arson 2 (9A.48.030)	C
15	C	Reckless Burning 1 (9A.48.040)	D
16	D	Reckless Burning 2 (9A.48.050)	E
17	В	Malicious Mischief 1 (9A.48.070)	C
18	C	Malicious Mischief 2 (9A.48.080)	D
19	D	Malicious Mischief 3 (<\$50 is E class)	
20		(9A.48.090)	E
21	E	Tampering with Fire Alarm Apparatus	
22		(9.40.100)	E
23	A	Possession of Incendiary Device (9.40.120	0) B+
24		Assault and Other Crimes Involving	
25		Physical Harm	
26	A	Assault 1 (9A.36.011)	B+

1	B+	Assault 2 (9A.36.021)	C+
2	C+	Assault 3 (9A.36.031)	D+
3	D+	Assault 4 (9A.36.041)	E
4	B+	Drive-By Shooting (9A.36.045)	C+
5	D+	Reckless Endangerment (9A.36.050)	E
6	C+	Promoting Suicide Attempt (9A.36.060)	D+
7	D+	Coercion (9A.36.070)	E
8	C+	Custodial Assault (9A.36.100)	D+
9		<b>Burglary and Trespass</b>	
10	B+	Burglary 1 (9A.52.020)	C+
11	В	Residential Burglary (9A.52.025)	C
12	В	Burglary 2 (9A.52.030)	C
13	D	Burglary Tools (Possession of) (9A.52.060	))E
14	D	Criminal Trespass 1 (9A.52.070)	E
15	E	Criminal Trespass 2 (9A.52.080)	E
16	C	Vehicle Prowling 1 (9A.52.095)	D
17	D	Vehicle Prowling 2 (9A.52.100)	E
18		Drugs	
19	E	Possession/Consumption of Alcohol	
20		(66.44.270)	E
21	C	Illegally Obtaining Legend Drug	
22		(69.41.020)	D
23	C+	Sale, Delivery, Possession of Legend Drug	3
24		with Intent to Sell (69.41.030)	D+
25	E	Possession of Legend Drug (69.41.030)	Е
26	B+	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
27		Substances Act - Narcotic,	
28		Methamphetamine, or Flunitrazepam Sale	
29		(69.50.401(a)(1) (i) or (ii))	B+
30	C	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
31		Substances Act - Nonnarcotic Sale	
32		(69.50.401(a)(1)(iii))	C
33	E	Possession of Marihuana <40 grams	
34		(69.50.401(e))	Е
35	C	Fraudulently Obtaining Controlled	
36		Substance (69.50.403)	C
		` /	

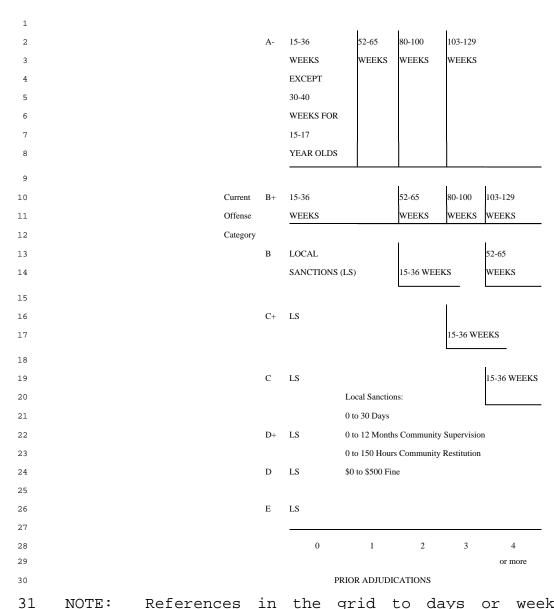
1	C+	Sale of Controlled Substance for Profit	
2		(69.50.410)	C+
3	E	Unlawful Inhalation (9.47A.020)	E
4	В	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
5		Substances Act - Narcotic,	
6		Methamphetamine, or Flunitrazepam	
7		Counterfeit Substances (69.50.401(b)(1) (i)	)
8		or (ii))	В
9	C	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
10		Substances Act - Nonnarcotic Counterfeit	
11		Substances (69.50.401(b)(1) (iii), (iv), (v))	C
12	C	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
13		Substances Act - Possession of a Controlle	d
14		Substance (69.50.401(d))	C
15	C	Violation of Uniform Controlled	
16		Substances Act - Possession of a Controlle	d
17		Substance (69.50.401(c))	C
18		Firearms and Weapons	
19	В	Theft of Firearm (9A.56.300)	C
19 20	B B	Theft of Firearm (9A.56.300) Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310)	C C
		, , ,	_
20	В	Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310)	_
20 21	В	Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310) Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit	C
<ul><li>20</li><li>21</li><li>22</li></ul>	B E	Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310) Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050)	C
<ul><li>20</li><li>21</li><li>22</li><li>23</li></ul>	B E	Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310) Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050) Possession of Firearms by Minor (<18)	C E
20 21 22 23 24	B E C	Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310) Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050) Possession of Firearms by Minor (<18) (9.41.040(1)(b)(iii))	C E
20 21 22 23 24 25	B E C	Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310) Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050) Possession of Firearms by Minor (<18) (9.41.040(1)(b)(iii)) Possession of Dangerous Weapon	C E C
<ul><li>20</li><li>21</li><li>22</li><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li></ul>	B E C	Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310) Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050) Possession of Firearms by Minor (<18) (9.41.040(1)(b)(iii)) Possession of Dangerous Weapon (9.41.250)	C E C
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	B E C	Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310) Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050) Possession of Firearms by Minor (<18) (9.41.040(1)(b)(iii)) Possession of Dangerous Weapon (9.41.250) Intimidating Another Person by use of	C E C
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	B E C	Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310) Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050) Possession of Firearms by Minor (<18) (9.41.040(1)(b)(iii)) Possession of Dangerous Weapon (9.41.250) Intimidating Another Person by use of Weapon (9.41.270)	C E C
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	B E C D+	Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310) Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050) Possession of Firearms by Minor (<18) (9.41.040(1)(b)(iii)) Possession of Dangerous Weapon (9.41.250) Intimidating Another Person by use of Weapon (9.41.270)  Homicide	C E E
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	B E C D+ D	Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310) Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050) Possession of Firearms by Minor (<18) (9.41.040(1)(b)(iii)) Possession of Dangerous Weapon (9.41.250) Intimidating Another Person by use of Weapon (9.41.270)  Homicide Murder 1 (9A.32.030)	C E E A
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	B E C D+ D	Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310) Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050) Possession of Firearms by Minor (<18) (9.41.040(1)(b)(iii)) Possession of Dangerous Weapon (9.41.250) Intimidating Another Person by use of Weapon (9.41.270)  Homicide Murder 1 (9A.32.030) Murder 2 (9A.32.050)	C E C A B+
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	B E C D+ D	Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310) Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050) Possession of Firearms by Minor (<18) (9.41.040(1)(b)(iii)) Possession of Dangerous Weapon (9.41.250) Intimidating Another Person by use of Weapon (9.41.270)  Homicide Murder 1 (9A.32.030) Murder 2 (9A.32.050) Manslaughter 1 (9A.32.060)	C E E A B++ C++
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	B E C D+ D	Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310) Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050) Possession of Firearms by Minor (<18) (9.41.040(1)(b)(iii)) Possession of Dangerous Weapon (9.41.250) Intimidating Another Person by use of Weapon (9.41.270)  Homicide Murder 1 (9A.32.030) Murder 2 (9A.32.050) Manslaughter 1 (9A.32.060) Manslaughter 2 (9A.32.070)	C E E A B+ C+ D+

1	]	B+	Kidnap 2 (9A.40.030)	C+
2	(	C+	Unlawful Imprisonment (9A.40.040)	D+
3			<b>Obstructing Governmental Operation</b>	
4	1	D	Obstructing a Law Enforcement Officer	
5			(9A.76.020)	E
6	1	Е	Resisting Arrest (9A.76.040)	E
7	]	В	Introducing Contraband 1 (9A.76.140)	C
8	(	С	Introducing Contraband 2 (9A.76.150)	D
9	1	Е	Introducing Contraband 3 (9A.76.160)	E
10	]	B+	Intimidating a Public Servant (9A.76.180)	C+
11	]	B+	Intimidating a Witness (9A.72.110)	C+
12			Public Disturbance	
13	(	C+	Riot with Weapon (9A.84.010)	D+
14	1	D+	Riot Without Weapon (9A.84.010)	E
15	1	Е	Failure to Disperse (9A.84.020)	E
16	]	Е	Disorderly Conduct (9A.84.030)	E
17			Sex Crimes	
18		A	Rape 1 (9A.44.040)	B+
19	1	A-	Rape 2 (9A.44.050)	B+
20	(	C+	Rape 3 (9A.44.060)	D+
21		A-	Rape of a Child 1 (9A.44.073)	B+
22	1	B+	Rape of a Child 2 (9A.44.076)	C+
23	]	В	Incest 1 (9A.64.020(1))	C
24	(	С	Incest 2 (9A.64.020(2))	D
25	]	D+	Indecent Exposure (Victim <14)	
26			(9A.88.010)	E
27	]	Е	Indecent Exposure (Victim 14 or over)	
28			(9A.88.010)	E
29	]	B+	Promoting Prostitution 1 (9A.88.070)	C+
30	(	C+	Promoting Prostitution 2 (9A.88.080)	D+
31	]	Е	O & A (Prostitution) (9A.88.030)	E
32	]	B+	Indecent Liberties (9A.44.100)	C+
33	1	A-	Child Molestation 1 (9A.44.083)	B+
34	1	В	Child Molestation 2 (9A.44.086)	C+
35			Theft, Robbery, Extortion, and Forgery	
36	1	В	Theft 1 (9A.56.030)	C

1	C	Theft 2 (9A.56.040)	D
2	D	Theft 3 (9A.56.050)	E
3	В	Theft of Livestock (9A.56.080)	C
4	C	Forgery (9A.60.020)	D
5	A	Robbery 1 (9A.56.200)	B+
6	B+	Robbery 2 (9A.56.210)	C+
7	B+	Extortion 1 (9A.56.120)	C+
8	C+	Extortion 2 (9A.56.130)	D+
9	C	Identity Theft 1 (9.35.020(2)(a))	D
10	D	Identity Theft 2 (9.35.020(2)(b))	Е
11	D	Improperly Obtaining Financial	
12		Information (9.35.010)	E
13	В	Possession of Stolen Property 1	
14		(9A.56.150)	C
15	C	Possession of Stolen Property 2	
16		(9A.56.160)	D
17	D	Possession of Stolen Property 3	
18		(9A.56.170)	E
19	C	Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission	n
20		1 and 2 (9A.56.070 (1) and (2))	D
21		<b>Motor Vehicle Related Crimes</b>	
<ul><li>21</li><li>22</li></ul>	E	Motor Vehicle Related Crimes Driving Without a License (46.20.005)	Е
	E B+		E C+
22		Driving Without a License (46.20.005)	
22 23	B+	Driving Without a License (46.20.005) Hit and Run - Death (46.52.020(4)(a))	C+
22 23 24	B+ C	Driving Without a License (46.20.005)  Hit and Run - Death (46.52.020(4)(a))  Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4)(b))	C+ D
<ul><li>22</li><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li></ul>	B+ C D	Driving Without a License (46.20.005)  Hit and Run - Death (46.52.020(4)(a))  Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4)(b))  Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5))	C+ D E
<ul><li>22</li><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li></ul>	B+ C D E	Driving Without a License (46.20.005)  Hit and Run - Death (46.52.020(4)(a))  Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4)(b))  Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5))  Hit and Run-Unattended (46.52.010)	C+ D E E
<ul><li>22</li><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li></ul>	B+ C D E C	Driving Without a License (46.20.005)  Hit and Run - Death (46.52.020(4)(a))  Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4)(b))  Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5))  Hit and Run-Unattended (46.52.010)  Vehicular Assault (46.61.522)	C+ D E E
<ul><li>22</li><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li><li>28</li></ul>	B+ C D E C	Driving Without a License (46.20.005) Hit and Run - Death (46.52.020(4)(a)) Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4)(b)) Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5)) Hit and Run-Unattended (46.52.010) Vehicular Assault (46.61.522) Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police	C+ D E E D
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	B+ C D E C	Driving Without a License (46.20.005) Hit and Run - Death (46.52.020(4)(a)) Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4)(b)) Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5)) Hit and Run-Unattended (46.52.010) Vehicular Assault (46.61.522) Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police Vehicle (46.61.024)	C+ D E D D
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	B+ C D E C C	Driving Without a License (46.20.005) Hit and Run - Death (46.52.020(4)(a)) Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4)(b)) Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5)) Hit and Run-Unattended (46.52.010) Vehicular Assault (46.61.522) Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police Vehicle (46.61.024) Reckless Driving (46.61.500)	C+ D E D D
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	B+ C D E C C	Driving Without a License (46.20.005) Hit and Run - Death (46.52.020(4)(a)) Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4)(b)) Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5)) Hit and Run-Unattended (46.52.010) Vehicular Assault (46.61.522) Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police Vehicle (46.61.024) Reckless Driving (46.61.500) Driving While Under the Influence	C+ D E E D
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	B+ C D E C C	Driving Without a License (46.20.005) Hit and Run - Death (46.52.020(4)(a)) Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4)(b)) Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5)) Hit and Run-Unattended (46.52.010) Vehicular Assault (46.61.522) Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police Vehicle (46.61.024) Reckless Driving (46.61.500) Driving While Under the Influence (46.61.502 and 46.61.504)	C+ D E E D
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	B+ C D E C C	Driving Without a License (46.20.005) Hit and Run - Death (46.52.020(4)(a)) Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4)(b)) Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5)) Hit and Run-Unattended (46.52.010) Vehicular Assault (46.61.522) Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police Vehicle (46.61.024) Reckless Driving (46.61.500) Driving While Under the Influence (46.61.502 and 46.61.504)  Other	C+ D E E D D E
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	B+ C D E C C D	Driving Without a License (46.20.005) Hit and Run - Death (46.52.020(4)(a)) Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4)(b)) Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5)) Hit and Run-Unattended (46.52.010) Vehicular Assault (46.61.522) Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police Vehicle (46.61.024) Reckless Driving (46.61.500) Driving While Under the Influence (46.61.502 and 46.61.504)  Other Bomb Threat (9.61.160)	C+ D E D D C C
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	B+ C D E C C B D	Driving Without a License (46.20.005) Hit and Run - Death (46.52.020(4)(a)) Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4)(b)) Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5)) Hit and Run-Unattended (46.52.010) Vehicular Assault (46.61.522) Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police Vehicle (46.61.024) Reckless Driving (46.61.500) Driving While Under the Influence (46.61.502 and 46.61.504)  Other  Bomb Threat (9.61.160) Escape 1 <sup>1</sup> (9A.76.110)	C+ D E D D C C C

1	F	Observed Harris Etc. Dharr Calls			
1	Е	Obscene, Harassing, Etc., Phone Calls	_		
2		(9.61.230)	E		
3	A	Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Clas			
4		A Felony	B+		
5	В	Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Clas	s		
6		B Felony	C		
7	C	Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Class	s		
8		C Felony	D		
9	D	Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult			
10		Gross Misdemeanor	E		
11	Е	Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult			
12		Misdemeanor	Е		
13	V	Violation of Order of Restitution,			
14		Community Supervision, or Confinement			
15		(13.40.200) <sup>2</sup>	V		
16	¹Eccape 1 and 2 and Att	cempted Escape 1 and 2 ar			
17	_				
1 /	and the standard range	is established as follow	ws•		
18	1st escape or atte	empted escape during 12-	-month period - 4 weeks		
19	confinement				
20	2nd escape or atte	empted escape during 12-	-month period - 8 weeks		
21	confinement				
22	3rd and subsequen	t escape or attempted	escape during 12-month		
23	period - 12 weeks conf.	inement			
24	<sup>2</sup> If the court finds that	at a respondent has viol	ated terms of an order,		
25	it may impose a penalty of up to 30 days of confinement.				
26	JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS				
20	500	ENTILE SENTENCING STANDAR	בעב		
27	This schedule must be	used for juvenile off	enders. The court may		
28	select sentencing option	on A, B, $((\Theta r))$ C, or D.			
29		OPTION A			
30		JUVENILE OFFENDER SENTENCING GRID			
31		STANDARD RANGE	<u></u>		
32	A+	180 WEEKS TO AGE 21 YEARS			
33					

103 WEEKS TO 129 WEEKS



NOTE: References in the grid to days or weeks mean periods of confinement.

- (1) The vertical axis of the grid is the current offense category. The current offense category is determined by the offense of adjudication.
- (2) The horizontal axis of the grid is the number of prior adjudications included in the juvenile's criminal history. Each prior felony adjudication shall count as one point. Each prior violation, misdemeanor, and gross misdemeanor adjudication shall count as 1/4 point. Fractional points shall be rounded down.
- (3) The standard range disposition for each offense is determined by the intersection of the column defined by the prior adjudications and the row defined by the current offense category.

- 1 (4) RCW 13.40.180 applies if the offender is being sentenced for 2 more than one offense.
- 3 (5) A current offense that is a violation is equivalent to an 4 offense category of E. However, a disposition for a violation shall 5 not include confinement.

6 OR

7 OPTION B

# 8 SUSPENDED DISPOSITION ALTERNATIVE

- 9 (1) If the offender is subject to a standard range disposition 10 involving confinement by the department, the court may impose the 11 standard range and suspend the disposition on condition that the 12 offender comply with one or more local sanctions.
- (2) If the offender fails to comply with the suspended disposition, the court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke the suspended disposition and order the disposition's execution.
- 16 (3) An offender is ineligible for the suspended disposition option 17 under this section if the offender is:
  - (a) Adjudicated of an A+ offense;

- 19 <u>(b) Fourteen years of age or older and is adjudicated of one or</u> 20 more of the following offenses:
- 21 <u>(i) A class A offense, or an attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation</u> 22 <u>to commit a class A offense;</u>
- (ii) Manslaughter in the first degree (RCW 9A.32.060); or
- (iii) Assault in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.021), extortion in
- 25 the first degree (RCW 9A.56.120), kidnapping in the second degree (RCW
- 26 <u>9A.40.030</u>), robbery in the second degree (RCW 9A.56.210), residential
- burglary (RCW 9A.52.025), burglary in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.030), drive-by shooting (RCW 9A.36.045), vehicular homicide (RCW
- 29 46.61.520), hit and run death (RCW 46.52.020(4)(a)), intimidating a
- 30 witness (RCW 9A.72.110), violation of the uniform controlled substances
- 31 act (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1) (i) or (ii)), or manslaughter 2 (RCW
- 32 9A.32.070), when the offense includes infliction of bodily harm upon
- 33 <u>another or when during the commission or immediate withdrawal from the</u>
- 34 offense the respondent was armed with a deadly weapon;
- 35 (c) Ordered to serve a disposition for a firearm violation under 36 RCW 13.40.193; or
- 37 (d) Adjudicated of a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

1 OR
2 OPTION C

#### CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY DISPOSITION ALTERNATIVE

If the juvenile offender is subject to a standard range disposition of local sanctions or 15 to 36 weeks of confinement and has not committed an A- or B+ offense, the court may impose a disposition under RCW 13.40.160(4) and 13.40.165.

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9 OPTION ((e)) D
10 MANIFEST INJUSTICE

- If the court determines that a disposition under option A ((<del>or</del>)), B, or 2 would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall impose a disposition outside the standard range under RCW 13.40.160(2).
- 14 **Sec. 2.** RCW 13.40.160 and 2002 c 175 s 22 are each amended to read 15 as follows:
- 16 (1) The standard range disposition for a juvenile adjudicated of an offense is determined according to RCW 13.40.0357.
  - (a) When the court sentences an offender to a local sanction as provided in RCW 13.40.0357 option A, the court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard ranges, except as provided in subsections (2), (3), ((and)) (4), (5), and (6) of this section. The disposition may be comprised of one or more local sanctions.
  - (b) When the court sentences an offender to a standard range as provided in RCW 13.40.0357 option A that includes a term of confinement exceeding thirty days, commitment shall be to the department for the standard range of confinement, except as provided in subsections (2), (3), ((and)) (4), (5), and (6) of this section.
  - (2) If the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusion, that disposition within the standard range would effectuate a manifest injustice the court shall impose a disposition outside the standard range, as indicated in option (( $\Theta$ )) D of RCW 13.40.0357. The court's finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.
- A disposition outside the standard range shall be determinate and shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision, or a

- combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. A disposition outside the standard range is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition within the standard range is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.
  - (3) When a juvenile offender is found to have committed a sex offense, other than a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, and has no history of a prior sex offense, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the respondent, may order an examination to determine whether the respondent is amenable to treatment.
  - The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The respondent's version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the respondent's offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the respondent's social, educational, and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information.
  - The examiner shall assess and report regarding the respondent's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:
    - (a)(i) Frequency and type of contact between the offender and therapist;
- 27 (ii) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and 28 description of planned treatment modalities;
- (iii) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members, legal guardians, or others;
  - (iv) Anticipated length of treatment; and
- 33 (v) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

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34 The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state 35 shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability 36 to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the 37 motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

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After receipt of reports of the examination, the court shall then 3 consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use 4 of this special sex offender disposition alternative and consider the 5 victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment 6 disposition under this section. If the court determines that this 7 special sex offender disposition alternative is appropriate, then the 8 court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range 9 10 for the offense, or if the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusions, that such disposition would cause a manifest injustice, 11 12 the court shall impose a disposition under option ((C)) D, and the 13 court may suspend the execution of the disposition and place the 14 offender on community supervision for at least two years. condition of the suspended disposition, the court may impose the 15 conditions of community supervision and other conditions, including up 16 17 to thirty days of confinement and requirements that the offender do any one or more of the following: 18

- 19 (b)(i) Devote time to a specific education, employment, or 20 occupation;
  - (ii) Undergo available outpatient sex offender treatment for up to two years, or inpatient sex offender treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense. A community mental health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The respondent shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the probation counselor, and the court, and shall not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or probation counselor object to the change;
  - (iii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the probation counselor prior to any change in the offender's address, educational program, or employment;
  - (iv) Report to the prosecutor and the probation counselor prior to any change in a sex offender treatment provider. This change shall have prior approval by the court;
    - (v) Report as directed to the court and a probation counselor;

1 (vi) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations, perform 2 community restitution, or any combination thereof;

(vii) Make restitution to the victim for the cost of any counseling reasonably related to the offense;

(viii) Comply with the conditions of any court-ordered probation bond; or

(ix) The court shall order that the offender may not attend the public or approved private elementary, middle, or high school attended by the victim or the victim's siblings. The parents or legal guardians of the offender are responsible for transportation or other costs associated with the offender's change of school that would otherwise be paid by the school district. The court shall send notice of the disposition and restriction on attending the same school as the victim or victim's siblings to the public or approved private school the juvenile will attend, if known, or if unknown, to the approved private schools and the public school district board of directors of the district in which the juvenile resides or intends to reside. This notice must be sent at the earliest possible date but not later than ten calendar days after entry of the disposition.

The sex offender treatment provider shall submit quarterly reports on the respondent's progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The reports shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, respondent's compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the respondent's relative progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at the time of the disposition.

At the time of the disposition, the court may set treatment review hearings as the court considers appropriate.

Except as provided in this subsection (3), after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW. A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a juvenile sex offender pursuant to this subsection does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment

within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender's home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (3) and the rules adopted by the department of health.

If the offender violates any condition of the disposition or the court finds that the respondent is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment, the court may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition or the court may impose a penalty of up to thirty days' confinement for violating conditions of the disposition. The court may order both execution of the disposition and up to thirty days' confinement for the violation of the conditions of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

For purposes of this section, "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged. "Victim" may also include a known parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

A disposition entered under this subsection (3) is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

- (4) If the juvenile offender is subject to a standard range disposition of local sanctions or 15 to 36 weeks of confinement and has not committed an A- or B+ offense, the court may impose the disposition alternative under RCW 13.40.165.
- (5) If a juvenile is subject to a commitment of 15 to 65 weeks of confinement, the court may impose the disposition alternative under section 3 of this act.
- (6) When the offender is subject to a standard range commitment of 15 to 36 weeks and is ineligible for a suspended disposition alternative, a manifest injustice disposition below the standard range, special sex offender disposition alternative, chemical dependency disposition alternative, or mental health disposition alternative, the court may impose the disposition alternative under section 4 of this act.
- (7) RCW 13.40.193 shall govern the disposition of any juvenile adjudicated of possessing a firearm in violation of RCW 9.41.040(1)(b)(iii) or any crime in which a special finding is entered that the juvenile was armed with a firearm.

- 1 ((<del>(6)</del>)) <u>(8)</u> Whenever a juvenile offender is entitled to credit for 2 time spent in detention prior to a dispositional order, the 3 dispositional order shall specifically state the number of days of 4 credit for time served.
- $((\frac{(7)}{)})$  (9) Except as provided under subsection (3)  $(\frac{(9r)}{)}$ , (4), (5), or (6) of this section or RCW 13.40.127, the court shall not suspend or defer the imposition or the execution of the disposition.
- 8  $((\frac{(8)}{(8)}))$  (10) In no case shall the term of confinement imposed by 9 the court at disposition exceed that to which an adult could be 10 subjected for the same offense.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW to read as follows:
- 13 (1) When an offender is subject to a standard range commitment of 14 15 to 65 weeks, the court may:
  - (a) Impose the standard range; or

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- 16 (b) Suspend the standard range disposition on condition that the 17 offender complies with the terms of this mental health disposition 18 alternative.
- 19 (2) The court may impose this disposition alternative when the 20 court finds the following:
  - (a) The offender has a current diagnosis, consistent with the American psychiatry association diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders, of axis I psychiatric disorder, excluding youth that are diagnosed as solely having a conduct disorder, oppositional defiant disorder, substance abuse disorder, paraphilia, or pedophilia;
- 26 (b) An appropriate treatment option is available in the local 27 community;
  - (c) The plan for the offender identifies and addresses requirements for successful participation and completion of the treatment intervention program including: Incentives and graduated sanctions designed specifically for amenable youth, including the use of detention, detoxication, and in-patient or outpatient substance abuse treatment and psychiatric hospitalization, and structured community support consisting of mental health providers, probation, educational and vocational advocates, child welfare services, and family and community support. For any mental health treatment ordered for an offender under this section, the treatment option selected shall be

chosen from among programs which have been successful in addressing 1 2 mental health needs of juveniles and successful in mental health treatment of juveniles. A list of programs which meet these criteria 3 shall be agreed upon by: The Washington association of juvenile court 4 5 administrators, the juvenile rehabilitation administration of the department of social and health services, a representative of the 6 7 division of public behavioral health and justice policy at the University of Washington, and the Washington institute for public 8 9 policy. The list of programs shall be created not later than July 1, 2003. The group shall provide the list to all superior courts, its own 10 membership, the legislature, and the governor. The group shall meet 11 annually and revise the list as appropriate; and 12

- 13 (d) The offender, offender's family, and community will benefit 14 from use of the mental health disposition alternative.
  - (3) The court on its own motion may order, or on motion by either party, shall order a comprehensive mental health evaluation to determine if the offender has a designated mental disorder. The court may also order a chemical dependency evaluation to determine if the offender also has a co-occurring chemical dependency disorder. The evaluation shall include at a minimum the following: The offender's version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the offender's offense, an assessment of the offender's mental health and drug-alcohol problems and previous treatment attempts, and the offender's social, criminal, educational, and employment history and living situation.
  - (4) The evaluator shall determine if the offender is amenable to research-based treatment. A proposed case management and treatment plan shall include at a minimum:
    - (a) The availability of treatment;
    - (b) Anticipated length of treatment;
- 31 (c) Whether one or more treatment interventions are proposed and 32 the anticipated sequence of those treatment interventions;
  - (d) The education plan;
- 34 (e) The residential plan; and
- 35 (f) The monitoring plan.

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36 (5) The court on its own motion may order, or on motion by either 37 party, shall order a second mental health or chemical dependency 38 evaluation. The party making the motion shall select the evaluator. The requesting party shall pay the cost of any examination ordered under this subsection and subsection (3) of this section unless the court finds the offender is indigent and no third party insurance coverage is available, in which case the state shall pay the cost.

- (6) Upon receipt of the assessments, evaluations, and reports the court shall consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of the mental health disposition alternative. The court shall consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive the option.
- (7) If the court determines that the mental health disposition alternative is appropriate, the court shall impose a standard range disposition of not more than 65 weeks, suspend execution of the disposition, and place the offender on community supervision up to one year and impose one or more other local sanctions. Confinement in a secure county detention facility, other than county group homes, inpatient psychiatric treatment facilities, and substance abuse programs, shall be limited to thirty days. As a condition of a suspended disposition, the court shall require the offender to participate in the recommended treatment interventions.
- (8) The treatment providers shall submit monthly reports to the court and parties on the offender's progress in treatment. The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, offender's compliance with requirements, treatment activities, medication management, the offender's relative progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at the time of the disposition.
- (9) If the offender fails to comply with the suspended disposition, the court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke the suspended disposition and order the disposition's execution.
- 30 (10) An offender is ineligible for the mental health disposition 31 option under this section if the offender is adjudicated of a sex or 32 violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.
- 33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW to read as follows:
- 35 (1) When the offender is subject to a standard range commitment of 36 15 to 36 weeks and is ineligible for a suspended disposition 37 alternative, a manifest injustice disposition below the standard range,

special sex offender disposition alternative, chemical dependency disposition alternative, or mental health disposition alternative, the court may impose a community commitment disposition alternative and:

- (a) Retain juvenile court jurisdiction over the youth;
- (b) Confine the youth in a county detention facility:
- (i) For the standard range; or

- 7 (ii) After finding a manifest injustice, a determinate disposition 8 up to 52 weeks; and
- 9 (c) Impose a term of postrelease community supervision for up to one year.

If the youth receives a standard range disposition, the court shall set the release date within the standard range. The court shall determine the release date prior to expiration of sixty percent of the juvenile's minimum term of confinement.

- (2) The court may impose this community commitment disposition alternative if the court finds the following:
- (a) Placement in a local detention facility in close proximity to the youth's family or local support systems will facilitate a smoother reintegration to the youth's family and community;
- (b) Placement in the local detention facility will allow the youth to benefit from locally provided family intervention programs and other research-based treatment programs, school, employment, and drug and alcohol or mental health counseling; or
- (c) Confinement in a facility operated by the department would result in a negative disruption to local services, school, or employment or impede or delay developing those services and support systems in the community.
- (3) The court shall consider the youth's offense, prior criminal history, security classification, risk level, and treatment needs and history when determining whether the youth is appropriate for the community commitment disposition alternative. If the court finds that a community commitment disposition alternative is appropriate, the court shall order the youth into secure detention while the details of the reintegration program are developed.
- (4) Upon approval of the treatment and community reintegration plan, the court may order the youth to serve the term of confinement in one or more of the following placements or combination of placements: Secure detention, an alternative to secure detention such as electronic

home monitoring, county group care, day or evening reporting, or home detention. The court may order the youth to serve time in detention on weekends or intermittently. The court shall set periodic reviews to review the youth's progress in the program. At least fifty percent of the term of confinement shall be served in secure detention.

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- (5) If the youth violates the conditions of the community commitment program, the court may impose sanctions under RCW 13.40.200 or modify the terms of the reintegration plan and order the youth to serve all or a portion of the remaining confinement term in secure detention.
- (6) A county may enter into interlocal agreements with other counties to develop joint community commitment programs or to allow one county to send a youth appropriate for this alternative to another county that has a community commitment program.
- 15 (7) Implementation of this alternative is subject to available 16 state funding for the costs of the community commitment program, 17 including costs of detention and community supervision.
  - Sec. 5. RCW 13.40.165 and 2002 c 175 s 23 and 2002 c 42 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
  - (1) The purpose of this disposition alternative is to ensure that successful treatment options to reduce recidivism are available to eligible youth, pursuant to RCW 70.96A.520. The court must consider eligibility for the chemical dependency disposition alternative when a juvenile offender is subject to a standard range disposition of local sanctions or 15 to 36 weeks of confinement and has not committed an Aor B+ offense, other than a first time B+ offense under chapter 69.50 The court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the respondent if the evidence shows that the offender may be chemically dependent or substance abusing, may order an examination by a chemical dependency counselor from a chemical dependency treatment facility approved under chapter 70.96A RCW to determine if the youth is chemically dependent or substance abusing. The offender shall pay the cost of any examination ordered under this subsection unless the court finds that the offender is indigent and no third party insurance coverage is available, in which case the state shall pay the cost.
  - (2) The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The respondent's version of the facts and the official

- version of the facts, the respondent's offense history, an assessment of drug-alcohol problems and previous treatment attempts, the respondent's social, educational, and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the examiner's information.
  - (3) The examiner shall assess and report regarding the respondent's relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:
    - (a) Whether inpatient and/or outpatient treatment is recommended;
    - (b) Availability of appropriate treatment;

- (c) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members, legal guardians, or others;
  - (d) Anticipated length of treatment; and
  - (e) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.
- (4) The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state or the respondent shall order, a second examination. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The requesting party shall pay the cost of any examination ordered under this subsection unless the requesting party is the offender and the court finds that the offender is indigent and no third party insurance coverage is available, in which case the state shall pay the cost.
- (5)(a) After receipt of reports of the examination, the court shall then consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this chemical dependency disposition alternative and consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this section.
- (b) If the court determines that this chemical dependency disposition alternative is appropriate, then the court shall impose the standard range for the offense, or if the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusion, that such disposition would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall impose a disposition above the standard range as indicated in option ((e))  $\underline{D}$  of RCW 13.40.0357 if the disposition is an increase from the standard range and the confinement of the offender does not exceed a maximum of fifty-two weeks, suspend execution of the disposition, and place the offender on community supervision for up to one year. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court shall require the offender to undergo available

outpatient drug/alcohol treatment and/or inpatient drug/alcohol treatment. For purposes of this section, inpatient treatment may not exceed ninety days. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court may impose conditions of community supervision and other sanctions, including up to thirty days of confinement, one hundred fifty hours of community restitution, and payment of legal financial obligations and restitution.

(6) The drug/alcohol treatment provider shall submit monthly reports on the respondent's progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The reports shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, respondent's compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the respondent's relative progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at the time of the disposition.

15 At the time of the disposition, the court may set treatment review 16 hearings as the court considers appropriate.

If the offender violates any condition of the disposition or the court finds that the respondent is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment, the court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

- (7) For purposes of this section, "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the offense charged.
- (8) Whenever a juvenile offender is entitled to credit for time spent in detention prior to a dispositional order, the dispositional order shall specifically state the number of days of credit for time served.
- 31 (9) In no case shall the term of confinement imposed by the court 32 at disposition exceed that to which an adult could be subjected for the 33 same offense.
- 34 (10) A disposition under this section is not appealable under RCW 35 13.40.230.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Because model adherence and competent delivery of research-based intervention programs is critical for

reducing recidivism, the Washington state institute for public policy develop adherence and outcome standards for effectiveness of treatment programs referred to in this act. The standards shall be developed and presented to the governor and legislature no later than January 1, 2004. The standards shall include methods for measuring competent delivery of interventions as well as success factors following treatment. The standards shall include, but not be limited to hiring, training and retaining qualified providers, managing and overseeing the delivery of treatment services, and developing quality assurance measures. The department shall utilize these standards to assess program effectiveness. The courts shall also utilize these standards in determining their continued use of these alternatives. The courts shall not continue to use programs that do not comply with these standards.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) A task force is created for the purpose of examining the coordination of information, education services, and matters of public safety when juvenile offenders are placed into public schools, following their conviction.

- (2) The task force shall be chaired by the superintendent of public instruction and include a representative from the juvenile rehabilitation administration of the department of social and health services, the state board of education, associations which represent school teachers, administrators, and school boards, superior court judges, the Washington association of juvenile court administrators, prosecuting attorneys, the governor, attorneys whose practice includes criminal defense work for juvenile defendants, three groups whose primary purpose is the delivery of services to families and children, and law enforcement. The three groups who deliver services shall be selected by the superintendent of public instruction.
- (3) The task force shall identify specific policies and statutory, administrative, and practice processes and barriers that may operate to impede: (a) The identification and delivery of appropriate and coordinated services to juvenile offenders who are placed in, or returned to public schools following conviction of an offense; and (b) transmittal of information regarding juvenile offenders who are returned to, or placed in, public schools following conviction of an

- offense. The task force shall recommend specific statutory and administrative changes as it finds appropriate to eliminate or reduce the barriers identified as a result of this subsection (3).
- 4 (4) The task force shall report its findings and recommendations to 5 the governor, the legislature, and the agencies represented on the task 6 force not later than December 1, 2003.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. Sections 6 and 7 of this act expire December 31, 2003."

# <u>SSB 5903</u> - S AMD **247**By Senators Hargrove, Stevens

## ADOPTED 03/19/2003

9 On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "sentences;" strike the 10 remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 13.40.160; reenacting 11 and amending RCW 13.40.0357 and 13.40.165; adding new sections to 12 chapter 13.40 RCW; creating new sections; and providing an expiration 13 date."

EFFECT: Partially restores limited option B sentencing alternative for juveniles who are not: convicted of a category A+ offense; found to have used a firearm in an offense; committed a sex offense; or are under 14 and are: convicted of Class A offense; or injure someone or use a deadly weapon and are convicted of Manslaughter 1 or 2, or Assault 2, Kidnap 2, Robbery 2, Residential Burglary, Driveby Shooting, Vehicular Homicide, Hit and Run with a Death, Meth offenses, Intimidating a Witness.
Establishes requirements for outcome measures and standards.
Limits number of offenders eligible for Mental Health alternative.

--- END ---